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LAMPROPELTIS GETULA (Eastern Kingsnake). USA: SOUTH CAROLINA: PICKENS Co.: beaver built wetland off of Issaqueena Lake Road (34.7451°N, 82.8639°W; WGS 84). 8 August 2017. A. Michaeli, J. Newman, and K. Barrett. Verified by Sean Graham. James F. Scudday Vertebrate Collections, Sul Ross State University (SRSU-D 128, 129; photo voucher). One individual observed under a log. New county record (<http://vertnet.org>; <http://carolinaherpatlas.org>; 8 Aug 2017). This record fills a distributional gap between Anderson County in South Carolina and Polk County in North Carolina. The nearest vouchered specimen to this record was found ca. 22 km away in adjacent Anderson County (HerpMapper [HM] 140542).

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LAMPROPELTIS GREERI (Durango Mountain Kingsnake). MEXICO: ZACATECAS: MUNICIPIO DE JEREZ: Sierra de Cardos, ca. 27 km by air NW of Jerez de García Salinas (22.78593°N, 103.20868°W; WGS 84), 2394 m elev. 21 July 2017. Jorge A. Alamillo. Verified by Robert W. Bryson, Jr. Amphibian and Reptile Diversity Research Center, University of Texas at Arlington (UTADC 8938; photo voucher). First record for Municipio de Jerez, bringing to four the number of municipalities in Zacatecas with records of this species (Liner and Dundee 1977. *Herpetol. Rev.* 8:85; Ahumada-Carrillo et al. 2011. *Herpetol. Rev.* 42:397–398; Campos-Rodríguez et al. 2017. *Acta Zool. Mex.* 33:151–153 [erroneously reported as *L. alternata*]). This new record is ca. 55 air km NW of the nearest locality at Presa de Maravillas, Municipio de Villanueva (Campos-Rodríguez et al. 2017, *op. cit.*). We follow Hansen and Salmon (2017. *Mesoam. Herpetol.* 4:700–758) in considering *L. greeri* as a species distinct from *L. mexicana*. The snake was found in pine-oak forest. We thank Carl Franklin for accessioning new material at UTA.

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LYCODON FLAVICOLLIS (Yellow-collared Wolf Snake). INDIA: KARNATAKA: BANGALORE URBAN DISTRICT: Bannerghatta (12.81222°N, 77.57805°E; WGS 84), 929 m elev. 25 March 2015. Sanath Krishna Muliya. Verified by S R. Ganesh. Lee Kong Chian Natural History Museum, National University of Singapore (ZRC[IMG] 2.334a-b; photo voucher). First record from Bannerghatta National Park area and Bangalore Urban district. Type locality, Mangarai village (periphery of Anaikatti Reserve Forest, Coimbatore District, Tamilnadu) is ca. 210 km from new locality (Mukherjee and Bhupathy 2007. *Russ. J. Herpetol.* 14:21–26).

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MASTICOPHIS BILINEATUS (Sonoran Whipsnake). USA: ARIZONA: YUMA Co.: Sierra Pinta, What Fo Canyon (32.39203°N, 113.63750°W; WGS 84), 281 m elev. 16 August 2017. Mark C. Herritt. Verified by A.T. Holycross. Arizona State University Museum of Zoology (ASU HP00161; photo voucher). Individual found at 0930 h on a wash bank in Sonoran Desertscrub (Lower Colorado River Subdivision). Based on a review and independent georeferencing of all Arizona snake vouchers in 76 institutional collections, this photo voucher is a county record (A. T. Holycross, pers. comm.), extends the distribution ca. 68 km W of the nearest records in southern Arizona (University of Arizona Museum of Natural History [UAZ] 37447, 36767, 40028, 55753-PSV), and is nearly the westernmost vouchered observation (A. T. Holycross, pers. comm.). Only USNM 253005 is further west (ca. 15 km), but it was collected ca. 300 km to the north in the Hualapai Mountains (A. T. Holycross, pers. comm.).

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OPHEODRYS AESTIVUS (Rough Greensnake). USA: ALABAMA: CHOCTAW Co.: CR 21, 0.98 rd km S of CR 14 (31.82840°N, 88.24545°W; WGS 84). 31 May 2017. Brian D. Holt and Courtney Guinane. Verified by David Laurencio. Auburn University Museum of Natural History (AUM AHAP-D 1358; photo voucher). Individual found DOR. New county record (Mount 1975. *The Reptiles and Amphibians of Alabama*. Auburn University Agricultural Experiment Station, Auburn, Alabama. 347 pp.). This record fills a gap in the Buhrstone/Lime Hills section of the Southeastern Plains ecoregion and lies ca. 20 km to the southwest of the nearest published location in western Clarke County (Mount 1975, *op. cit.*). A search of VertNet for unpublished museum specimens yielded no results. No previously published records were discovered using *Zoological Record*.

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OPHEODRYS AESTIVUS (Rough Green Snake). USA: GEORGIA: NEWTON Co.: (33.57556°N, 83.82730°W; NAD 1983), ca. 200 m elev. 12 December 2015. Sarah L. Floyd and Thomas M. Floyd. Verified by Nikole L. Castleberry. Georgia Museum of Natural History (GMNH 51467 [photo voucher], GMNH 13406 [tissue voucher]). New county record (Jensen et al. 2008. *Amphibians and Reptiles of Georgia*. University of Georgia Press, Athens, Georgia. 575 pp.). Two hatchlings (ca. 15 cm TBL) were found within cavities of soil substrate directly under two separate flat, moss-covered rocks. Observations were made along a terrace of a seep draining into an unnamed tributary to the Alcovy River Swamp (Alcovy River); a juvenile (26 cm TBL) was observed at ground level on 19 May 2017. The nearest documented occurrence (ca. 13.5 km) is from Rockdale County (Georgia Herp Atlas 1878); occurrences from other surrounding counties include Henry County (Georgia Herp Atlas 2265), Jasper County (GMNH 50110), Morgan County (GMNH 610), and Walton County (Georgia Herp Atlas 4605).

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